

### Amendments to the Specification

Please replace the paragraph bridging pages 18 and 19 with the following amended paragraph:

Specific examples of photo-polymerization initiators used in resin composition of the present invention include, for example, benzoin ethers such as benzoin, benzoin methyl ether, benzoin ethyl ether, benzoin propyl ether, benzoin isobutyl ether and the like; acetophenones such as acetophenone, 2,2-diethoxy-2-phenyl-acetophenone, 1,1-dichloroacetophenone, ~~2-hydroxy-2-methyl-phenylpropane-1-one~~ 2-hydroxy-2-methyl-1-phenylpropane-1-one, diethoxyacetophenone, 1-hydroxycyclohexyl phenyl ketone, 2-methyl-1-[4-(methylthio)-phenyl]-2-morpholino-propane-1-one and the like; anthraquinones such as 2-ethylantraquinone, 2-tertiary-butylantraquinone, 2-chloro-antraquinone, 2-aminoanthraquinone and the like; thioxanthenes such as 2,4-diethylthioxanthone, 2-isopropylthioxanthone, 2-chloro-thioxanthone and the like; ketals such as acetophenone dimethylketal, benzyl dimethylketal and the like; benzophenones such as benzophenone, 4-benzoyl-4'-methyldiphenylsulfide, 4,4'-bismethylamino-benzophenone and the like; phosphine oxides such as 2,4,6-tri-methyl-benzoyldiphenylphosphine oxide, bis(2,4,6-trimethyl-

benzoyl)-phenylphosphine oxide and the like; and the like. The amount of these compounds is generally about 1 to 30%, preferably 2-25%, based on 100% of the solid content in resin composition.

Please replace the paragraph bridging pages 22 and 23 with the following amended paragraph:

Coupling agents usable herein include, for example, silane type coupling agents such as 3-glycidoxypropyl-trimethoxysilane, 3-glycidoxypropylmethyl-dimethoxysilane, 2-(3,4-epoxycyclohexyl)-ethyl-trimethoxysilane, N-(2-aminoethyl)-3-aminopropylmethyl-dimethoxysilane, ~~N-(2-aminoethyl)-3-aminopropylmethyl-trimethoxysilane,~~ 3-aminopropyl-triethoxysilane, 3-mercaptopropyl-trimethoxysilane, vinyl-trimethoxysilane, N-(2-(vinylbenzylamino)-ethyl)-3-aminopropyl-trimethoxysilane hydrochloride, 3-methacryloxypropyl-trimethoxysilane, 3-chloropropylmethyl-dimethoxysilane, 3-chloropropyl-trimethoxysilane and the like; titanate-type coupling agents such as isopropyl(N-ethylaminoethylamino) titanate, isopropyltriisostearoyl titanate, titanium di(dioctylpyrophosphate)-oxy acetate, tetraisopropyl di(dioctylphosphite)-titanate, neoalkoxy tri(p-N-( $\beta$ -aminoethyl)-

amino-phenyl)titanate and the like; zirconium or aluminium-type coupling agents such as Zr-acetylactonate, Zr-methacrylate, Zr-propionate, neoalkoxy zirconate, neoalkoxy-trisneodecanoyl zirconate, neoalkoxy-tris(dodecanoyl)-benzenesulfonyl zirconate, neoalkoxy-tris(ethylenediaminoethyl)zirconate, neoalkoxy-tris(m-aminophenyl) zirconate, ammonium zirconium carbonate, Al-acetylactonate, Al-methacrylate, Al-propionate and the like. Among them, silane type coupling agent is preferable, silane type coupling agent containing epoxy group is more preferable. Protective films which have the excellent adhesion property with substrate and wet-resistance reliability can be obtained by using these coupling agents.